**HD350 COMPETITION** cod.85165002

Date of print: 05/06/2023 Date of review: 10/02/2023 Page 1 of 24 Revision: 4.7/ IT

# SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE **COMPANY/UNDERTAKING**

#### 1.1 Product identifier

Product name: HD350 COMPETITION cod.85165002

# 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses: Acetoxy Silicone sealant - High Temperature

Uses advised against: This product is not recommended for all those uses not specifically identified on the label.

# 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet **COMPANY IDENTIFICATION**

Saratoga Int. Sforza Spa Via Edison 76 20090 Trezzano s/Naviglio (MI) ITALY Tel. +39 02.445731 Fax +39 02.4452742

**Customer Information Number:** trading@saratogasforza.com

#### 1.4 EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER

SARATOGA INT. SFORZA SPA +39 02 445731 form Monday to Friday (h. 09:00-13:00 / 14:00-17:30)

# **SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

# 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

# Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:

Not a hazardous substance or mixture according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008.

# 2.2 Label elements

# Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:

Not a hazardous substance or mixture according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008.

### **Precautionary statements**

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P102 Keep out of reach of children. P262 Do not get in eyes or on skin.

P501 Dispose of the contents and container in authorized collection centers.

HD350 COMPETITION

 cod.85165002
 Date of print: 05/06/2023

 Revision: 4.7/ IT
 Page 2 of 24
 Date of review: 10/02/2023

## Supplemental information

EUH208 Contains: Bis[(2-ethyl-2,5-dimethylhexanoyl)oxy](dimethyl)stannane. May produce an

allergic reaction.

#### 2.3 Other hazards

This product contains octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane (D4) that has been identified by the Member State Committee of ECHA as fulfilling the PBT and vPvB criteria laid down in Annex XIII to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006. See Section 12 for additional information.

This product contains decamethylcyclopentasiloxane (D5) that has been identified by the Member State Committee of ECHA as fulfilling the vPvB criteria laid down in Annex XIII to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006. See Section 12 for additional information.

This product contains dodecamethylcyclohexasiloxane (D6) that has been identified by the Member State Committee of ECHA as fulfilling the vPvB criteria laid down in Annex XIII to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006. See Section 12 for additional information.

Endocrine disrupting properties

Environment: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have

endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605

at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Human Health: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have

endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605

at levels of 0.1% or higher.

# SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical nature: Silicone, Sealant

3.2 Mixtures

This product is a mixture.

CASRN / EC-No. / Index-No.	REACH Registration Number	Concentration	Component	Classification: REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008
CASRN 556-67-2 EC-No. 209-136-7 Index-No. 014-018-00-1	_	>= 0,2- <= 0,29 %	octamethylcyclotetr asiloxane	Flam. Liq. 3; H226 Repr. 2; H361f Aquatic Chronic 1; H410  M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity): 10  Acute toxicity estimate Acute oral toxicity: > 4 800 mg/kg

**HD350 COMPETITION** cod.85165002

Date of print: 05/06/2023 Page 3 of 24 Date of review: 10/02/2023 Revision: 4.7/ IT

				Acute inhalation toxicity: 36 mg/l, 4 Hour, dust/mist Acute dermal toxicity: > 2 400 mg/kg
CASRN 68928-76-7 EC-No. 273-028-6 Index-No.	01-2120770324-57	>= 0,009 - <= 0,02 %	Bis[(2-ethyl-2,5- dimethylhexanoyl)o xy](dimethyl)stanna ne	Acute Tox. 4; H302 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Skin Sens. 1A; H317 Aquatic Chronic 3; H412  Acute toxicity estimate Acute oral toxicity: 892 mg/kg Acute dermal toxicity: > 2 000 mg/kg
PBT and vPvB s	substance			> 2 000 mg/kg
CASRN 541-02-6 EC-No. 208-764-9 Index-No.	_	>= 0,2 - <= 0,31 %	ntasiloxane	Not classified  Acute toxicity estimate Acute oral toxicity: > 24 134 mg/kg Acute inhalation toxicity: 8,67 mg/l, 4 Hour, dust/mist Acute dermal toxicity: > 2 000 mg/kg
CASRN 540-97-6 EC-No. 208-762-8 Index-No.	-	>= 0,34 - <= 0,43 %	Dodecamethyl cyclohexasiloxane	Not classified  Acute toxicity estimate Acute oral toxicity: > 2 000 mg/kg Acute dermal toxicity: > 2 000 mg/kg

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

# **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**

# 4.1 Description of first aid measures General advice:

First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection and use the recommended protective clothing (chemical resistant gloves, splash protection). If potential for exposure exists refer to Section 8 for specific personal protective equipment.

**Inhalation:** Move person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing; consult a physician.

Skin contact: Remove material from skin immediately by washing with soap and plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes while washing. Seek medical attention if irritation or rash occurs. Wash clothing before reuse. Discard items which cannot be decontaminated, including leather articles such as shoes, belts and watchbands.

**HD350 COMPETITION** cod.85165002

Date of print: 05/06/2023 Page 4 of 24 Date of review: 10/02/2023 Revision: 4.7/ IT

Eye contact: Flush eyes thoroughly with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses after the initial 1-2 minutes and continue flushing for several additional minutes. If effects occur, consult a physician, preferably an ophthalmologist.

**Ingestion:** Rinse mouth with water. No emergency medical treatment necessary.

# 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

Aside from the information found under Description of first aid measures (above) and Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed (below), any additional important symptoms and effects are described in Section 11: Toxicology Information.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed Notes to physician: No specific antidote. Treatment of exposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient.

# SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: Water spray. Alcohol-resistant foam. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: None known...

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

**Hazardous combustion products:** Carbon oxides. Silicon oxides.

**Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards:** Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health..

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Fire Fighting Procedures: Use water spray to cool unopened containers.. Evacuate area.. Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains.. Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations...

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so.

Special protective equipment for firefighters: In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.. Use personal protective equipment..

# SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures: Use personal protective equipment. Follow safe handling advice and personal protective equipment recommendations.

**HD350 COMPETITION** cod.85165002

Date of print: 05/06/2023 Date of review: 10/02/2023 Page 5 of 24 Revision: 4.7/ IT

- 6.2 Environmental precautions: Discharge into the environment must be avoided. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.
- 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up: Wipe up or scrape up and contain for salvage or disposal. Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable. For large spills, provide dyking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If dyked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections:

See sections: 7, 8, 11, 12 and 13.

## SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling: Avoid contact with eyes. Do not swallow. Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. CONTAINERS MAY BE HAZARDOUS WHEN EMPTY. Since emptied containers retain product residue follow all (M)SDS and label warnings even after container is emptied. Use only with adequate ventilation. See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities: Keep in properly labelled containers. Store locked up. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Do not store with the following product types: Strong oxidizing agents. Unsuitable materials for containers: None known.

7.3 Specific end use(s): See the technical data sheet on this product for further information.

# SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

# 8.1 Control parameters

If exposure limits exist, they are listed below. If no exposure limits are displayed, then no values are applicable.

Component	Regulation	Type of listing	Value			
octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	US WEEL	TWA	10 ppm			
Bis[(2-ethyl-2,5-	ACGIH	TWA	0,1 mg/m3 , Tin			
dimethylhexanoyl)oxy](dimet						
hyl)stannane						
	Further information: A4: Not classifiable as a human carcinogen; Skin: Danger of cutaneous absorption					
	ACGIH	STEL	0,2 mg/m3 , Tin			
	Further information: A4: Not classifiable as a human carcinogen; Skin: Danger of cutaneous absorption					
Decamethylcyclopentasiloxa	US WEEL	TWA	10 ppm			
ne						

HD350 COMPETITION cod.85165002

Date of print: 05/06/2023 Page 6 of 24 Date of review: 10/02/2023 Revision: 4.7/ IT

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with the Occupational Exposure Limits and the adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate. Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples should be analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy); European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents); European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres -General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents). Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods. Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods. Health and Safety Executive (HSE), United Kingdom: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances.

Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA), Germany. L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France.

#### **Derived No Effect Level**

octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane

#### Workers

Acute syste	emic effects	Acute local effects		Long-term systemic effects		Long-term local effects	
Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation
n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	73 mg/m3	n.a.	73 mg/m3

#### Consumers

Acute	systemic e	effects	Acute local effects		Long-term systemic effects			Long-term local effects	
Dermal	Inhalation	Oral	Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation	Oral	Dermal	Inhalation
n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	13	3,7	n.a.	13
						mg/m3	mg/kg bw/day		mg/m3

# Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane

#### Workers

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Acute sys	temic effects	Acute local effects		Long-term systemic effects		Long-term local effects	
Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation
n.a.	97,3	n.a.	24,2	n.a.	97,3	n.a.	24,2 mg/m3
	mg/m3		mg/m3		mg/m3		

#### Consumars

Acute	Acute systemic effects		Long-term systemic effects			Long-term local effects			
Dermal	Inhalation	Oral	Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation	Oral	Dermal	Inhalation
n.a.	17,3	5 mg/kg	n.a.	4,3	n.a.	17,3	5 mg/kg	n.a.	4,3
	mg/m3	bw/day		mg/m3		mg/m3	bw/day		mg/m3

**HD350 COMPETITION** cod.85165002

Date of print: 05/06/2023 Date of review: 10/02/2023 Page 7 of 24 Revision: 4.7/ IT

# Dodecamethyl cyclohexasiloxane

#### Workers

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Acute syst	emic effects	Acute local effects		Long-term systemic effects		Long-term local effects	
Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation
n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	6,1 mg/m3	n.a.	11 mg/m3	n.a.	1,22 mg/m3

#### **Consumers**

Acute	systemic e	effects	Acute local effects		Long-te	Long-term systemic effects			Long-term local effects	
Dermal	Inhalation	Oral	Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation	Oral	Dermal	Inhalation	
n.a.	n.a.	1,7	n.a.	1,5	n.a.	2,7	1,7	n.a.	0,3	
		mg/kg bw/day		mg/m3		mg/m3	mg/kg bw/day		mg/m3	

### **Predicted No Effect Concentration**

octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane

Compartment	PNEC
Fresh water	0,0015 mg/l
Marine water	0,00015 mg/l
Fresh water sediment	3 mg/kg
Marine sediment	0,3 mg/kg
Soil	0,54 mg/kg
Sewage treatment plant	10 mg/l
Oral	41 mg/kg food

# Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane

Compartment	PNEC
Fresh water	> 0,0012 mg/l
Marine water	> 0,00012 mg/l
Fresh water sediment	2,4 mg/kg
Marine sediment	0,24 mg/kg
Soil	1,1 mg/kg
Sewage treatment plant	> 10 mg/l

# Dodecamethyl cyclohexasiloxane

Compartment	PNEC
Fresh water sediment	2,826 mg/kg
Marine sediment	0,282 mg/kg
Soil	3,336 mg/kg
Sewage treatment plant	> 1,0 mg/l

# 8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering controls: Use local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, general ventilation should be sufficient for most operations. Local exhaust ventilation may be necessary for some operations.

HD350 COMPETITION cod.85165002 Revision: 4.7/ IT

Date of print: 05/06/2023
Page 8 of 24
Date of review: 10/02/2023

## Individual protection measures

**Eye/face protection:** Use safety glasses (with side shields). Safety glasses (with side shields) should be consistent with EN 166 or equivalent.

#### Skin protection

Hand protection: Use chemical resistant gloves classified under Standard EN374: Protective gloves against chemicals and micro-organisms. Examples of preferred glove barrier materials include: Butvl rubber. Neoprene. Nitrile/butadiene rubber ("nitrile" or "NBR"). Ethyl vinyl alcohol laminate ("EVAL"). Polyvinyl alcohol ("PVA"). Polyvinyl chloride ("PVC" or "vinyl"). Viton. Examples of acceptable glove barrier materials include: Natural rubber ("latex"). When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 5 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 240 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 3 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 60 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. Glove thickness alone is not a good indicator of the level of protection a glove provides against a chemical substance as this level of protection is also highly dependent on the specific composition of the material that the glove is fabricated from. The thickness of the glove must, depending on model and type of material, generally be more than 0.35 mm to offer sufficient protection for prolonged and frequent contact with the substance. As an exception to this general rule it is known that multilayer laminate gloves may offer prolonged protection at thicknesses less than 0.35 mm. Other glove materials with a thickness of less than 0.35 mm may offer sufficient protection when only brief contact is expected. NOTICE: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as the instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier.

**Other protection:** Use protective clothing chemically resistant to this material. Selection of specific items such as face shield, boots, apron, or full body suit will depend on the task.

**Respiratory protection:** Respiratory protection should be worn when there is a potential to exceed the exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, wear respiratory protection when adverse effects, such as respiratory irritation or discomfort have been experienced, or where indicated by your risk assessment process. For most conditions, no respiratory protection should be needed; however, if handling at elevated temperatures without sufficient ventilation, use an approved air-purifying respirator.

Use the following CE approved air-purifying respirator: Organic vapor cartridge, type A (boiling point >65 °C, meeting standard EN 14387).

#### **Environmental exposure controls**

See SECTION 7: Handling and storage and SECTION 13: Disposal considerations for measures to prevent excessive environmental exposure during use and waste disposal.

# **SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

**9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties Appearance** 

Physical state

tixotropic paste

### according to Annex II to REACH - Regulation 2020/878 and to Annex II to UK REACH

HD350 COMPETITION

 cod.85165002
 Date of print: 05/06/2023

 Revision: 4.7/ IT
 Page 9 of 24
 Date of review: 10/02/2023

**Color** red

Odor acetic acid

**pH** Not applicable, substance/mixture is non-soluble (in water)

Melting point/freezing point

Melting point/range No data available
Freezing point not determined
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range
Boiling point (760 mmHg) Not applicable

Flash point closed cup >+100 °C

Flammability (solid, gas) Not classified as a flammability hazard

Flammability (liquids)

Lower explosion limit

Upper explosion limit

Vapor Pressure

Relative Vapor Density (air = 1)

Not applicable, solid

No data available

Not applicable

Not applicable

Relative Density (water = 1) 1,02

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility insoluble

Partition coefficient: n- not determined

octanol/water

Auto-ignition temperatureNodataavailableDecomposition temperatureNodataavailable

The product is a mixture.

**Kinematic Viscosity** >20,5mm<sup>2</sup>/s at +40°C

Particle characteristics

Particle size not determined

9.2 Other information

Molecular weightNo data availableDynamic ViscosityNot applicableExplosive propertiesNot explosive

Oxidizing properties The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

Self-heating substances The substance or mixture is not classified as self heating.

Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate Not applicable

= 1)

NOTE: The physical data presented above are typical values and should not be construed as a specification.

# **SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

- **10.1 Reactivity:** Not classified as a reactivity hazard.
- **10.2 Chemical stability:** Stable under normal conditions.

#### according to Annex II to REACH - Regulation 2020/878 and to Annex II to UK REACH

HD350 COMPETITION

 cod.85165002
 Date of print: 05/06/2023

 Revision: 4.7/ IT
 Page 10 of 24
 Date of review: 10/02/2023

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions: Ôæ) Á^æ&oÁ ão@Ád[}\*Á¢ããããã\*Áæt^}o EÁ

10.4 Conditions to avoid: Þ[}^Á}[\_}È∰

10.5 Incompatible materials: Ofc a /s / caso / aco / casa a \* / aco / aco / casa a \* / aco / aco

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products:

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# **SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Toxicological information appears in this section when such data is available.

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Information on likely routes of exposure O^^/&| } cæ&dÊ\(\)\ \alpha \(\) \alpha \(\) \alpha \(\) \alpha \(\) \alpha \(\)

Acute toxicity (represents short term exposures with immediate effects - no chronic/delayed effects known unless otherwise noted)

Acute oral toxicity

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Information for components:

octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane

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Bis[(2-ethyl-2,5-dimethylhexanoyl)oxy](dimethyl)stannane

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**Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane** 

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**Dodecamethyl cyclohexasiloxane** 

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**Acute dermal toxicity** 

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### according to Annex II to REACH - Regulation 2020/878 and to Annex II to UK REACH

HD350 COMPETITION cod.85165002 Revision: 4.7/ IT

Date of print: 05/06/2023
Page 11 of 24
Date of review: 10/02/2023

# Information for components:

### octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane

LD50, Rat, male and female, > 2 400 mg/kg No deaths occurred at this concentration.

# Bis[(2-ethyl-2,5-dimethylhexanoyl)oxy](dimethyl)stannane

LD50, Rat, > 2 000 mg/kg

# **Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane**

LD50, Rabbit, male and female, > 2 000 mg/kg No deaths occurred at this concentration.

## Dodecamethyl cyclohexasiloxane

LD50, Rabbit, male and female, > 2 000 mg/kg

## Acute inhalation toxicity

At room temperature, exposure to vapor is minimal due to low volatility. Vapor from heated material may cause respiratory irritation.

As product: The LC50 has not been determined.

## Information for components:

#### octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane

LC50, Rat, male and female, 4 Hour, dust/mist, 36 mg/l OECD Test Guideline 403

#### Bis[(2-ethyl-2,5-dimethylhexanoyl)oxy](dimethyl)stannane

As product: The LC50 has not been determined.

### Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane

LC50, Rat, male and female, 4 Hour, dust/mist, 8,67 mg/l

### **Dodecamethyl cyclohexasiloxane**

The LC50 has not been determined.

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Based on information for component(s):

Prolonged exposure not likely to cause significant skin irritation.

May cause more severe response on covered skin (under clothing, gloves).

May cause more severe response if skin is abraded (scratched or cut).

# Information for components:

#### octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane

Brief contact is essentially nonirritating to skin.

# Bis[(2-ethyl-2,5-dimethylhexanoyl)oxy](dimethyl)stannane

Brief contact may cause skin irritation with local redness.

# <u>Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane</u>

Prolonged contact is essentially nonirritating to skin.

# **Dodecamethyl cyclohexasiloxane**

#### according to Annex II to REACH - Regulation 2020/878 and to Annex II to UK REACH

HD350 COMPETITION

 cod.85165002
 Date of print: 05/06/2023

 Revision: 4.7/ IT
 Page 12 of 24
 Date of review: 10/02/2023

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## Serious eye damage/eye irritation

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## Information for components:

# octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane

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# Bis[(2-ethyl-2,5-dimethylhexanoyl)oxy](dimethyl)stannane

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# <u>Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane</u>

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# **Dodecamethyl cyclohexasiloxane**

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# Sensitization

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## Information for components:

## octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane

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# Bis[(2-ethyl-2,5-dimethylhexanoyl)oxy](dimethyl)stannane

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#### <u>Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane</u>

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# <u>Dodecamethyl cyclohexasiloxane</u>

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HD350 COMPETITION cod.85165002 Revision: 4.7/ IT

Date of print: 05/06/2023
Page 13 of 24
Date of review: 10/02/2023

For respiratory sensitization:

No relevant data found.

## **Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Single Exposure)**

Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not an STOT-SE toxicant.

# Information for components:

#### octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane

Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not an STOT-SE toxicant.

## Bis[(2-ethyl-2,5-dimethylhexanoyl)oxy](dimethyl)stannane

Available data are inadequate to determine single exposure specific target organ toxicity.

## <u>Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane</u>

Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not an STOT-SE toxicant.

# **Dodecamethyl cyclohexasiloxane**

Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not an STOT-SE toxicant.

# **Aspiration Hazard**

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

#### Information for components:

## <u>octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane</u>

May be harmful if swallowed and enters airways.

# Bis[(2-ethyl-2,5-dimethylhexanoyl)oxy](dimethyl)stannane

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

## Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

#### Dodecamethyl cyclohexasiloxane

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

# Chronic toxicity (represents longer term exposures with repeated dose resulting in chronic/delayed effects - no immediate effects known unless otherwise noted)

### Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Repeated Exposure)

Based on available data for the component(s), repeated exposures are not anticipated to cause significant adverse effects.

# Information for components:

## <u>octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane</u>

In animals, effects have been reported on the following organs: Kidney.

Liver.

Respiratory tract.

HD350 COMPETITION cod.85165002 Revision: 4.7/ IT

Date of print: 05/06/2023
Page 14 of 24
Date of review: 10/02/2023

Female reproductive organs.

## Bis[(2-ethyl-2,5-dimethylhexanoyl)oxy](dimethyl)stannane

In animals, effects have been reported on the following organs:

Blood

Kidney

Liver

Immune system.

#### <u>Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane</u>

Based on available data, repeated exposures are not anticipated to cause significant adverse effects.

## Dodecamethyl cyclohexasiloxane

Based on available data, repeated exposures are not anticipated to cause significant adverse effects.

# Carcinogenicity

No relevant data found.

### Information for components:

# octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane

Results from a 2 year repeated vapour inhalation exposure study to rats of octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane (D4) indicate effects (benign uterine adenomas) in the uterus of female animals. This finding occurred at the highest exposure dose (700 ppm) only. Studies to date have not demonstrated if these effects occur through pathways that are relevant to humans. Repeated exposure in rats to D4 resulted in protoporphyrin accumulation in the liver. Without knowledge of the specific mechanism leading to the protoporphyrin accumulation the relevance of this finding to humans is unknown.

### Bis[(2-ethyl-2,5-dimethylhexanoyl)oxy](dimethyl)stannane

No relevant data found.

# **Decamethyl**cyclopentasiloxane

Results from a 2 year repeated vapour inhalation exposure study to rats of decamethylcyclopentasiloxane (D5) indicate effects (uterine endometrial tumors) in female animals. This finding occurred at the highest exposure dose (160 ppm) only. Studies to date have not demonstrated if this effect occurs through a pathway that is relevant to humans.

# <u>Dodecamethyl cyclohexasiloxane</u>

No relevant data found.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Contains component(s) which did not cause birth defects or any other fetal effects in lab animals.

## Information for components:

# octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane

Did not cause birth defects or any other fetal effects in laboratory animals.

# Bis[(2-ethyl-2,5-dimethylhexanoyl)oxy](dimethyl)stannane

No relevant data found.

HD350 COMPETITION cod.85165002 Revision: 4.7/ IT

Date of print: 05/06/2023
Page 15 of 24
Date of review: 10/02/2023

## <u>Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane</u>

Did not cause birth defects or any other fetal effects in laboratory animals.

### **Dodecamethyl cyclohexasiloxane**

No relevant data found.

# Reproductive toxicity

Contains component(s) which have interfered with fertility in animal studies. In animal studies on component(s), effects on reproduction were seen only at doses that produced significant toxicity to the parent animals.

# Information for components:

# octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane

In laboratory animal studies, effects on reproduction have been seen only at doses that produced significant toxicity to the parent animals. In animal studies, has been shown to interfere with fertility.

### Bis[(2-ethyl-2,5-dimethylhexanoyl)oxy](dimethyl)stannane

No relevant data found.

# Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane

In animal studies, did not interfere with reproduction.

### Dodecamethyl cyclohexasiloxane

In animal studies, did not interfere with reproduction.

#### Mutagenicity

In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative for component(s) tested. Genetic toxicity studies in animals were negative for component(s) tested.

#### Information for components:

# <u>octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane</u>

In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative. Animal genetic toxicity studies were negative.

## Bis[(2-ethyl-2,5-dimethylhexanoyl)oxy](dimethyl)stannane

In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative in some cases and positive in other cases. Animal genetic toxicity studies were negative.

### <u>Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane</u>

In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative. Animal genetic toxicity studies were negative.

## Dodecamethyl cyclohexasiloxane

In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative. Animal genetic toxicity studies were negative.

#### 11.2 Information on other hazards

HD350 COMPETITION cod.85165002 Revision: 4.7/ IT

Date of print: 05/06/2023
Page 16 of 24
Date of review: 10/02/2023

## **Endocrine disrupting properties**

The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

# Information for components:

# octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane

The substance is not considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f), Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 or Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100.

# Bis[(2-ethyl-2,5-dimethylhexanoyl)oxy](dimethyl)stannane

The substance is not considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f), Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 or Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100.

## **Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane**

The substance is not considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f), Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 or Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100.

# <u>Dodecamethyl cyclohexasiloxane</u>

The substance is not considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f), Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 or Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100.

# **SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Ecotoxicological information appears in this section when such data is available.

#### 12.1 Toxicity

## <u>octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane</u>

### Acute toxicity to fish

Based on testing of comparable products: The estimated maximum aqueous concentration of Octamethyl Cyclotetrasiloxane (D4) from migration to water from the product as supplied is below the D4 established no-effect threshold (< 0.0079 mg/L) for aquatic organisms.

## Chronic toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

Based on testing for product(s) in this family of materials:

Not classified due to data which are conclusive although insufficient for classification.

## Bis[(2-ethyl-2,5-dimethylhexanoyl)oxy](dimethyl)stannane

# Acute toxicity to fish

Material is harmful to aquatic organisms (LC50/EC50/IC50 between 10 and 100 mg/L in the most sensitive species).

For similar material(s):

LC50, Zebra fish (Danio/Brachydanio rerio), semi-static test, 96 Hour, > 100 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 203 or Equivalent

#### according to Annex II to REACH - Regulation 2020/878 and to Annex II to UK REACH

HD350 COMPETITION cod.85165002

Date of print: 05/06/2023 Page 17 of 24 Date of review: 10/02/2023 Revision: 4.7/ IT

# Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

EC50, Daphnia magna, static test, 48 Hour, 39 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 202 or Equivalent

## Acute toxicity to algae/aquatic plants

ErC50, Algae (Scenedesmus subspicatus), Growth rate, 72 Hour, Growth rate, 7,6 mg/l,

OECD Test Guideline 201 or Equivalent

For similar material(s):

NOEC, Algae (Scenedesmus subspicatus), Growth rate, 72 Hour, Growth rate, 1,1 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 201 or Equivalent

## Toxicity to bacteria

For similar material(s):

EC50, Bacteria, 3 Hour, Respiration rates., 14 mg/l

## Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane

# Acute toxicity to fish

Not expected to be acutely toxic to aquatic organisms.

No toxicity at the limit of solubility

LC50, Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout), 96 Hour, > 16 μg/l, OECD Test Guideline 204 or Equivalent

### Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

No toxicity at the limit of solubility

EC50, Daphnia magna, 48 Hour, > 2,9 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 202 or Equivalent

### Acute toxicity to algae/aquatic plants

No toxicity at the limit of solubility

ErC50. Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae), 96 Hour, Growth rate, > 0,012 mg/l No toxicity at the limit of solubility

NOEC, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae), 96 Hour, Growth rate, 0,012 mg/l

## Chronic toxicity to fish

No toxicity at the limit of solubility

LC50, Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout), 14 d, > 16 mg/l

No toxicity at the limit of solubility

NOEC. Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout), 45 d. >= 0.017 mg/l

No toxicity at the limit of solubility

NOEC, Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout), 90 d, >= 0,014 mg/l

#### Chronic toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

NOEC, Daphnia magna, 21 d, 0,015 mg/l

# Toxicity to soil-dwelling organisms

This product does not have any known adverse effect on the soil organisms tested.

NOEC, Eisenia fetida (earthworms), >= 76 mg/kg

#### Dodecamethyl cyclohexasiloxane

# Acute toxicity to algae/aquatic plants

Not expected to be acutely toxic to aquatic organisms.

No toxicity at the limit of solubility

ErC50, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae), 72 Hour, > 0,002 mg/l

### according to Annex II to REACH - Regulation 2020/878 and to Annex II to UK REACH

**HD350 COMPETITION** cod.85165002

Date of print: 05/06/2023 Date of review: 10/02/2023 Page 18 of 24 Revision: 4.7/ IT

# Chronic toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

No toxicity at the limit of solubility

NOEC, Daphnia magna (Water flea), 21 d, 0,0046 mg/l

## 12.2 Persistence and degradability

## octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane

Biodegradability: Material is expected to biodegrade very slowly (in the environment). Fails

to pass OECD/EEC tests for ready biodegradability.

10-day Window: Not applicable **Biodegradation:** 3,7 %

Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 310

# Stability in Water (1/2-life)

Hydrolysis, DT50, 3,9 d, pH 7, Half-life Temperature 25 °C, OECD Test Guideline 111

# Bis[(2-ethyl-2,5-dimethylhexanoyl)oxy](dimethyl)stannane

Biodegradability: For similar material(s): Material is expected to biodegrade very slowly (in

the environment). Fails to pass OECD/EEC tests for ready biodegradability.

For similar material(s): 10-day Window: Fail

**Biodegradation:** 3 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F or Equivalent

# Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane

Biodegradability: Material is expected to biodegrade very slowly (in the environment). Fails

to pass OECD/EEC tests for ready biodegradability.

10-day Window: Not applicable **Biodegradation:** 0,14 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 310

#### Dodecamethyl cyclohexasiloxane

Biodegradability: Based on stringent OECD test guidelines, this material cannot be

considered as readily biodegradable; however, these results do not necessarily mean that the

material is not biodegradable under environmental conditions.

10-day Window: Fail **Biodegradation:** 4,5 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B

## 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

### octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane

Bioaccumulation: Bioconcentration potential is high (BCF > 3000 or Log Pow between 5 and

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water(log Pow): 6.49 Measured

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 12 400 Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow) Measured

# Bis[(2-ethyl-2,5-dimethylhexanoyl)oxy](dimethyl)stannane

Bioaccumulation: No relevant data found.

HD350 COMPETITION cod.85165002

Date of print: 05/06/2023 Date of review: 10/02/2023 Page 19 of 24 Revision: 4.7/ IT

# **Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane**

Bioaccumulation: Bioconcentration potential is moderate (BCF between 100 and 3000 or

Log Pow between 3 and 5).

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water(log Pow): 5.2 Measured Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 2 010 Fish Estimated.

### Dodecamethyl cyclohexasiloxane

Bioaccumulation: Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF less than 100 or log Pow greater

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water(log Pow): 8,87

# 12.4 Mobility in soil

#### octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane

Partition coefficient (Koc): 16596 OECD Test Guideline 106

# Bis[(2-ethyl-2,5-dimethylhexanoyl)oxy](dimethyl)stannane

No relevant data found.

## Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane

Partition coefficient (Koc): > 5000 Estimated.

## 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

# octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane

Octamethylcvclotetrasiloxane (D4) meets the current criteria for PBT and vPvB under REACh Annex XIII or other regionally specific criteria. However, D4 does not behave similarly to known PBT/vPvB substances. The weight of scientific evidence from field studies shows that D4 is not biomagnifying in aquatic and terrestrial food webs. D4 in air will degrade by reaction with naturally occurring hydroxyl radicals in the atmosphere. Any D4 in air that does not degrade by reaction with hydroxyl radicals is not expected to deposit from the air to water, to land, or to living organisms. Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane (D5) meets the current REACh Annex XIII criteria for vPvB. However, D5 does not behave similarly to known PBT/vPvB substances. The weight of scientific evidence from field studies shows that D5 is not biomagnifying in aquatic and terrestrial food webs. D5 in air will degrade by reaction with naturally occurring hydroxyl radicals in the atmosphere. Any D5 in air that does not degrade by reaction with hydroxyl radicals is not expected to deposit from the air to water, to land, or to living organisms.

This substance is considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT).

### Bis[(2-ethyl-2,5-dimethylhexanoyl)oxy](dimethyl)stannane

This substance has not been assessed for persistence, bioaccumulation and toxicity (PBT).

#### Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane

Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane (D5) meets the current REACh Annex XIII criteria for vPvB. However, D5 does not behave similarly to known PBT/vPvB substances. The weight of scientific evidence from field studies shows that D5 is not biomagnifying in aquatic and terrestrial food webs. D5 in air will degrade by reaction with naturally occurring hydroxyl radicals in the atmosphere. Any D5 in air that does not degrade by reaction with hydroxyl radicals is not expected to deposit from the air to water, to land, or to living organisms. Based on an independent scientific panel of experts, the Canadian Minister of the Environment has concluded that "D5 is not entering the environment in a quantity or concentration or under

HD350 COMPETITION cod.85165002

Date of print: 05/06/2023 Page 20 of 24 Date of review: 10/02/2023 Revision: 4.7/ IT

conditions that have or may have an immediate or long-term harmful effect on the environment or its biological diversity, or that constitute or may constitute a danger to the environment on which life depends".

# Dodecamethyl cyclohexasiloxane

Dodecamethyl cyclohexasiloxane (D6) meets the current REACh Annex XIII criteria for vPvB. However, D6 does not behave similarly to known PBT/vPvB substances. The weight of scientific evidence from field studies shows that D6 is not biomagnifying in aquatic and terrestrial food webs. D6 in air will degrade by reaction with naturally occurring hydroxyl radicals in the atmosphere. Any D6 in air that does not degrade by reaction with hydroxyl radicals is not expected to deposit from the air to water, to land, or to living organisms.

# 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

# octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane

The substance is not considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f), Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 or Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100.

#### Bis[(2-ethyl-2.5-dimethylhexanoyl)oxyl(dimethyl)stannane

The substance is not considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f), Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 or Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100.

# Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane

The substance is not considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f), Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 or Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100.

### Dodecamethyl cyclohexasiloxane

The substance is not considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f), Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 or Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100.

### 12.7 Other adverse effects

#### octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane

This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

### Bis[(2-ethyl-2,5-dimethylhexanoyl)oxy](dimethyl)stannane

This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

#### Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane

This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

# Dodecamethyl cyclohexasiloxane

This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

#### according to Annex II to REACH - Regulation 2020/878 and to Annex II to UK REACH

HD350 COMPETITION

 cod.85165002
 Date of print: 05/06/2023

 Revision: 4.7/ IT
 Page 21 of 24
 Date of review: 10/02/2023

# **SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

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#### SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

# Classification for ROAD and Rail transport (ADR/RID):

14.1 UN number or ID number ▷[ ﷺ ] | 3&æà|^Á

14.2 UN proper shipping name Þ[ đీ\^\* |æ åÁ[ ¦Átæ) •] [ ¦ đ́

14.3 Transport hazard class(es) ▷ [ ♂æ ] | ಔæà | ^ Á

14.4 Packing group ▷ [ ♂æ ] | ಔæà | ^ Á

14.5 Environmental hazards  $\triangleright [o(\hat{A})] \cdot (\hat{A}) \cdot (\hat{A}$ 

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14.6 Special precautions for user ▷ [ÁsaææÁsæææ]△ÈÁ

### Classification for SEA transport (IMO-IMDG):

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14.2 UN proper shipping name Þ[đÁ^\* ˈ|æe^åÁ{; ˈkáˈæ}•] [¦dÁ

14.3 Transport hazard class(es) ▷ [ o ♣ ] | ಔ ඎ | ^ Á

14.4 Packing group ▷ [ o ♣ ] | ಔ ඎ | ^ Á

14.5 Environmental hazards Þ[ơśs[]•ãa^\^åáæá Áæá Aá[]| œa ơśaæ^åá Aá] Áææá ææÀ

14.6 Special precautions for user Þ [ ÁlaææÁææææ] Þ ÉÁ

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk

#### Classification for AIR transport (IATA/ICAO):

14.1 UN number or ID number ▷ [ 🖼 ] | ಔඎ |^Á

14.2 UN proper shipping name Þ[ ॔॔A^\* ˈ æ� åÁ[ ˈÁdæ] •] [ ˈÁ

 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)
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 14.4 Packing group
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 14.5 Environmental hazards
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**HD350 COMPETITION** cod.85165002

Date of print: 05/06/2023 Page 22 of 24 Date of review: 10/02/2023 Revision: 4.7/ IT

# 14.6 Special precautions for user

No data available.

This information is not intended to convey all specific regulatory or operational requirements/information relating to this product. Transportation classifications may vary by container volume and may be influenced by regional or country variations in regulations. Additional transportation system information can be obtained through an authorized sales or customer service representative. It is the responsibility of the transporting organization to follow all applicable laws, regulations and rules relating to the transportation of the material.

# **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

# 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

# REACh Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

This product contains only components that have been either registered, are exempt from registration, are regarded as registered or are not subject to registration according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)., The aforementioned indications of the REACH registration status are provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date shown above. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. It is the buyer's/user's responsibility to ensure that his/her understanding of the regulatory status of this product is correct.

REACH - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, preparations and articles (Annex XVII) Conditions of restriction for the following entries should be considered:

octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane (Number on list

Bis[(2-ethyl-2,5-

dimethylhexanoyl)oxy](dimethyl)stannane

(Number on list 20)

Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane (Number on

list 70)

#### Authorisation status under REACH:

The following substance/s contained in this product might be or is/are subject to authorization in accordance with REACH:

CAS-No.: 556-67-2 Name: octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane

Authorisation status: listed in the Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern for Authorisation

Authorisation number: Not available

Sunset date: Not available

Exempted (Categories of) Uses: Not available

Name: Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane CAS-No.: 541-02-6

Authorisation status: listed in the Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern for Authorisation

Authorisation number: Not available

Sunset date: Not available

Exempted (Categories of) Uses: Not available

CAS-No.: 540-97-6 Name: Dodecamethyl cyclohexasiloxane

HD350 COMPETITION

 cod.85165002
 Date of print: 05/06/2023

 Revision: 4.7/ IT
 Page 23 of 24
 Date of review: 10/02/2023

Authorisation status: listed in the Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern for Authorisation

Authorisation number: Not available

Sunset date: Not available

Exempted (Categories of) Uses: Not available

Seveso III: Directive 2012/18/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council on the control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances.

Listed in Regulation: Not applicable

# 15.2 Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance/mixture.

# **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

#### Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3.

H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H361f	Suspected of damaging fertility.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

# Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

This product is not classified as dangerous according to EC criteria.

## Revision

Sections: from 01 to 16.

#### Legend

Logona	
ACGIH	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
STEL	Short-term exposure limit
TWA	8-hour, time-weighted average
US WEEL	USA. Workplace Environmental Exposure Levels (WEEL)
Acute Tox.	Acute toxicity
Aquatic Chronic	Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard
Flam. Liq.	Flammable liquids
Repr.	Reproductive toxicity
Skin Irrit.	Skin irritation
Skin Sens.	Skin sensitisation

#### Full text of other abbreviations

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing

HD350 COMPETITION cod.85165002

Date of print: 05/06/2023 Page 24 of 24 Date of review: 10/02/2023 Revision: 4.7/ IT

of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR -Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECHA - European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number - European Community number; ECx -Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS -Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA -International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC -Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population

(Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL -No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate: NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals: OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance: PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR -

(Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet: SVHC - Substance of Very High Concern: TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory: TRGS -Technical Rule for Hazardous Substances, TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations, vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

#### **Information Source and References**

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